## Irvington Water System 2023 Water Quality Report

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Meetings: City Hall, 109 West Caroline Street / First Monday of each month, 7:00 pm est

We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. We purchase our water exclusively from the City of Hardinsburg, which is operated by Veolia. Our water sources of water are wells located located in Stephensport Kentucky on the Ohio River. These wells are in the alluvial flood plain and are classified as Ground Water. An analysis of the susceptibility to contamination of Hardinsburg water supply indicates 3 areas of potential contamination concern. The potential contaminants of greatest concern include train tracks, highway 144 road way, and farming sites located within the Wellhead Protection Area. The possibility for a potential hazardous material accidentally spilling and leaking into the groundwater due to a vehicle or train accident or run-off from the nearby row crops creates a susceptibility ranking of high. A Source Water Protection plan and has been completed. For more information contact Chris LUCAS, Public Works Superintendent at (270) 547-3835. This information is also available from Lincoln Trail Area Development District, 613 College Street Road Elivabethtown, KY 4 2702-0604 (270) 769-2393.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects may be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and may pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water include: Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, (sewage plants, septic systems, livestock operations, or wildlife). Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, (naturally occurring or from stormwater runoff, wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming). Pesticides and herbicides, (stormwater runoff, agriculture or residential uses). Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, (by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, or from gas stations, stormwater runoff, or septic systems). Radioactive contaminants, (naturally occurring or from oil and gas production or mining activities). In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water to provide the same protection for public health.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The Irvington Water System is responsible for providing high quality drinking water and removing lead pipes, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components in your home. You share the responsibility for protecting yourself and your family from the lead in your home plumbing. You can take responsibility by identifying and removing lead materials within your home plumbing and taking steps to reduce your family's risk. Before drinking tap water, flush your pipes for several minutes by running your tap, taking a shower, doing laundry or a load of dishes. You can also use a filter certified by an American National Standards Institute accredited certifier to reduce lead in drinking water. If you are concerned about lead in your water and wish to have your water tested, contact the Irvington Water System at (270) 547-3835. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

## Some or all of these definitions may be found in this report:

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - the highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - the level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Below Detection Levels (BDL) - laboratory analysis indicates that the contaminant is not present.

Not Applicable (N/A) - does not apply.

Parts per million (ppm) - or milligrams per liter, (mg/l). One part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) - or micrograms per liter, (µg/L). One part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

Parts per trillion (ppt) - one part per trillion corresponds to one minute in 2,000,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000,000.

Parts per quadrillion (ppq) - one part per quadrillion corresponds to one minute in 2,000,000,000 years or one penny in \$10,000,000,000,000.

Picocuries per liter (pCi/L) - a measure of the radioactivity in water.

Millirems per year (mrem/yr) - measure of radiation absorbed by the body.

Million Fibers per Liter (MFL) - a measure of the presence of asbestos fibers that are longer than 10 micrometers.

Nephelometric Turbidity Unit (NTU) - a measure of the clarity of water. Turbidity has no health effects. However, turbidity can provide a medium for microbial growth. Turbidity is monitored because it is a good indicator of the effectiveness of the filtration system.

Variances & Exemptions (V&E) - State or EPA permission not to meet an MCL or a treatment technique under certain conditions.

Action Level (AL) - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system shall follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Spanish (Español) Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre la calidad de su agua beber. Tradúzcalo o hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

## To understand the possible health effects described for many regulated contaminants, a person would have to drink 2 liters of water every day at the MCL level for a lifetime to have a one-in-a-million chance of having the described health effect.

The data presented in this report are from the most recent testing done in accordance with administrative regulations in 401 KAR Chapter 8. As authorized and approved by EPA, the State has reduced monitoring requirements for certain contaminants to less often than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants are not expected to vary significantly from year to year. Some of the data in this table, though representative, may be more than one year old. Copies of this report are available upon request by contacting our office during business hours.

## A= Hardinsburg RO WTP, B= Irvington Water System

Regulated Contaminan	t Test Res	sults		A= Hard	linsburg	g Wa	ter B	= Irvingtor	ı Water S	ystem
Contaminant			rce	Report	Range of Detection		Date of	Violation	Likely Source of	
[code] (units)	MCL	MCLG	Source	Level			Sample		Contamination	
Inorganic Contaminant	ts								•	•
Barium [1010] (ppm)	2	2	A=	0.009	0.009	to	0.009	Sep-23	No	Drilling wastes; metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Fluoride [1025] (ppm)	4	4	A=	0.68	0.68	to	0.68	Sept-23	No	Water additive which promotes strong teeth
Nitrate [1040] (ppm)	10	10	A=	0.785	0.785	to	0.785	Feb-23	No	Fertilizer runoff; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Disinfectants/Disinfecti	on Bypro	ducts and	Prec	ursors					•	
Chlorine (ppm)	MRDL = 4	MRDLG = 4	B=	0.67 (highest average)	0.3	to	0.78	2023	No	Water additive used to control microbes.
TTHM (ppb) (Stage 2) [total trihalomethanes] (Annual Sample)	80	N/A	B=	11 (High Site)	10 (range o	to of indiv	11 vidual sites)	2023	No	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection.
HAA (ppb) (Stage 2) [Haloacetic acids] (Annual Sample)	60	N/A	B=	2 (High Site)	2 (range o	to of indiv	2 vidual sites)	2023	No	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection.
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<b>Household Plumbing C</b>	ontamina	nts								
Copper [1022] (ppm) sites exceeding action level 0	AL = 1.3	1.3	B=	0.009 (90 <sup>th</sup> percentile)	0.004	to	0.015	Aug-23	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems
Lead [1030] (ppb) sites exceeding action level 0	AL = 15	0	B=	0 (90 <sup>th</sup> percentile)	0	to	5	Aug-23	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems

This report will not be sent to individual customers. It will be available at City Hall.