Centertown Water System 2023 Water Quality Report

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Meetings: City Hall 525 Main Street, Centertown, Ky / 1st Monday, Monthly at 6:00 PM

Our water source is drawn from the Green River and purchased from Ohio County Water District (OCWD). The Green River is classified as surface water. An analysis of the susceptibility of the water supply to contamination indicates that this susceptibility is generally moderate. However, there are a few areas of high concern. Potential contaminant sources of concern include major roads and statewide coverage of row crops. These are rated as high because of the contaminant type, their proximity, and the high chance of release. The potential contaminant sources of medium susceptibility include areas of forest and woodlands, oil and gas wells, and coverage of pasture and hay. The complete Source Water Assessment is available for review at Green River Area Development District (270) 926-4433, located 3860 U.S. Highway 60 West, Owensboro, Ky. 42301-0200. It can also be obtained from City Hall, 525 Main Street, Centertown, Kentucky 42328, as well as the Ohio County Water District during normal business hours. If there are any questions or concerns relative to this source water assessment they are to bedirected to Shane Barrett at (270) 232-5067.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects may be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and may pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water include: Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, (sewage plants, septic systems, livestock operations, or wildlife). Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, (naturally occurring or from stormwater runoff, wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming). Pesticides and herbicides, (stormwater runoff, agriculture or residential uses). Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, (by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, or from gas stations, stormwater runoff, or septic systems). Radioactive contaminants, (naturally occurring or from oil and gas production or mining activities). In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water to provide the same protection for public health.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Centertown Water System is responsible for providing high quality drinking water and removing lead pipes, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components in your home. You share the responsibility for protecting yourself and your family from the lead in your home plumbing. You can take responsibility by identifying and removing lead materials within your home plumbing and taking steps to reduce your family's risk. Before drinking tap water, flush your pipes for several minutes by running your tap, taking a shower, doing laundry or a load of dishes. You can also use a filter certified by an American National Standards Institute accredited certifier to reduce lead in drinking water. If you are concerned about lead in your water and wish to have your water tested, contact Centertown Water System at (270) 232-5067. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead

Some or all of these definitions may be found in this report:

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - the highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - the level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Below Detection Levels (BDL) - laboratory analysis indicates that the contaminant is not present.

Not Applicable (N/A) - does not apply.

Parts per million (ppm) - or milligrams per liter, (mg/l). One part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) - or micrograms per liter, (µg/L). One part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

Parts per trillion (ppt) - one part per trillion corresponds to one minute in 2,000,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000,000.

Parts per quadrillion (ppq) - one part per quadrillion corresponds to one minute in 2,000,000,000 years or one penny in \$10,000,000,000,000.

Picocuries per liter (pCi/L) - a measure of the radioactivity in water.

Millirems per year (mrem/yr) - measure of radiation absorbed by the body.

Million Fibers per Liter (MFL) - a measure of the presence of asbestos fibers that are longer than 10 micrometers.

Nephelometric Turbidity Unit (NTU) - a measure of the clarity of water. Turbidity has no health effects. However, turbidity can provide a medium for microbial growth. Turbidity is monitored because it is a good indicator of the effectiveness of the filtration system.

Variances & Exemptions (V&E) - State or EPA permission not to meet an MCL or a treatment technique under certain conditions.

Action Level (AL) - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system shall follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Spanish (Español) Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre la calidad de su agua beber. Tradúzcalo o hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

To understand the possible health effects described for many regulated contaminants, a person would have to drink 2 liters of water every day at the MCL level for a lifetime to have a one-in-a-million chance of having the described health effect.

The data presented in this report are from the most recent testing done in accordance with administrative regulations in 401 KAR Chapter 8. As authorized and approved by EPA, the State has reduced monitoring requirements for certain contaminants to less often than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants are not expected to vary significantly from year to year. Some of the data in this table, though representative, may be more than one year old. Copies of this report are available upon request by contacting our office during business hours.

	Regulated Contaminant T		OHIO COUNTY WATER DISTRICT (KY0920332)						
Radioactive Contaminants	Contaminant	MCL	MCLG	1 ^	oort Range			Violation	1
Combined radium (c) United Precision of Instituted deposits (c) CFL) (1010) (rpm)		nts		Ecver	01 200		Sample		
Interior	Combined radium	1	0	0.3	0.3 to	0.3	May-20	No	Erosion of natural deposits
Bestimm 2 2 0.032 0.032 to 0.032 Aug-23 No Drilling wastes; metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits Fluoride 1025] (ppm) 4 4 4 0.8 0.8 10 0.8 Aug-23 No Water additive which promotes strong teeth Fluoride 1025] (ppm) 10 10 1.74 1.74 to 1.74 Feb-23 No Fertilizer runoff; leaching from secticide strong teeth Fluoride 1040 109 1.74 1.74 to 1.74 Feb-23 No Fertilizer runoff; leaching from secticide waster runoff; leaching from secticide used on fruits, vegetables, alfalfa, livestock Synthetic Organic Contaminants including Pesticides and Herbicides Methoxychlor 2015] (ppb) 40 40 1.33 BDL to 4 Aug-23 No Runoff?leaching from insecticide used on fruits, vegetables, alfalfa, livestock Disinfection Byproduct Precursor 1.97 1.97 (lowest 1 to 2.9 2023 No Naturally present in environment. reported as a ratio) **Monthly ratio is the %*TOC removal achieved to the %*TOC removal required. Annual awarage must be 1.00 or greater for compliance. Other Constituents No more than 1 NTU* Less than 0.3 NTU in 95% (monthly same) 95% (monthly sa	u /								Executed of harman deposits
Fluoride	Inorganic Contaminant	ts							
Flooride	Barium								D :11:
	[1010] (ppm)	2	2	0.032	0.032 to	0.032	Aug-23	No	_
Synthetic Organic Contaminants including Pesticides and Herbicides Methoxychlor (2015) (ppb) 40 40 1.33 BDL to 4 Aug-23 No Runoff/leaching from insecticide used on fruits, vegetables, alifalfa, livestock	Fluoride [1025] (ppm)	4	4	0.8	0.8 to	0.8	Aug-23	No	1
Synthetic Organic Contaminants including Pesticides and Herbicides Methoxychlor (2015) (ppb) 40 40 1.33 BDL to 4 Aug-23 No Runoff/leaching from insecticide used on fruits, vegetables, alifalfa, livestock	Nituata								E (II) 00 1 11 0
Methoxychlor (2015] (ppb) 40 40 1.33 BDL to 4 Aug-23 No Runoff?leaching from insecticide used on fruits, vegetables, alfalfa, livestock Disinfection Byproduct Precursor Total Organic Carbon (ppm) (measured as ppm, but reported as a ratio) **Northly ratio is the % TOC removal achieved to the % TOC removal required. Annual average must be 1.00 or greater for compliance. Other Constituents Turbidity (NTU) TT Allowable Levels Measurement Monthly % **Representative samples Turbidity is a measure of the clarity of the water and not a contaminant. 95% of monthly samples Regulated Contaminant Test Results Contaminant MCL MCLG Report Level of Detection Sample Disinfectants/Disinfection Byproducts HAA (ppb) (Stage 2) (highest average) (range of individual sites) HAA (ppb) (Stage 2) (balance idea) (big site average) (range of individual sites) HOA (bigh site average) (range of individual sites) Household Plumbing Contaminants Copper [1022] (ppm) AL = 3 3 (90% 0.07 to 0.286 Jul-21 No Systems) sites exceeding action level 1.5 0 (90% 0.07 to 0.286 Jul-21 No Systems) Sample Corrosion of household plumbing systems Corrosion of household plumbing systems		10	10	1.74	1.74 to	1.74	Feb-23	No	septic tanks, sewage; erosion of
Methoxychlor (2015] (ppb) 40 40 1.33 BDL to 4 Aug-23 No Runoff?leaching from insecticide used on fruits, vegetables, alfalfa, livestock Disinfection Byproduct Precursor Total Organic Carbon (ppm) (measured as ppm, but reported as a ratio) **Northly ratio is the % TOC removal achieved to the % TOC removal required. Annual average must be 1.00 or greater for compliance. Other Constituents Turbidity (NTU) TT Allowable Levels Measurement Monthly % **Representative samples Turbidity is a measure of the clarity of the water and not a contaminant. 95% of monthly samples Regulated Contaminant Test Results Contaminant MCL MCLG Report Level of Detection Sample Disinfectants/Disinfection Byproducts HAA (ppb) (Stage 2) (highest average) (range of individual sites) HAA (ppb) (Stage 2) (balance idea) (big site average) (range of individual sites) HOA (bigh site average) (range of individual sites) Household Plumbing Contaminants Copper [1022] (ppm) AL = 3 3 (90% 0.07 to 0.286 Jul-21 No Systems) sites exceeding action level 1.5 0 (90% 0.07 to 0.286 Jul-21 No Systems) Sample Corrosion of household plumbing systems Corrosion of household plumbing systems	Synthetic Organic Con	taminants	including P	esticides a	nd Herbicio	les			•
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(measured as ppm, but reported as a ratio) *Monthly ratio is the % TOC removal achieved to the % TOC removal required. Annual average must be 1.00 or greater for compliance. *Monthly ratio is the % TOC removal achieved to the % TOC removal required. Annual average must be 1.00 or greater for compliance. **Other Constituents** Turbidity (NTU) TT **Representative samples** Turbidity is a measure of the clarity of the water and not a contaminant. **No more than 1 NTU** Less than 0.3 NTU in 95% of monthly samples **Regulated Contaminant Test Results** **Centraminant MCL MCLG Report Level of Detection Sample Date of Detection Sample Disinfectants/Disinfection Byproducts* Chlorine (ppm) **MRDL MRDLG 1.52 (highest average) (range of individual sites) **HAA (ppb) (Stage 2) (high site average) (range of individual sites) **TTHM (ppb) (Stage 2) (total trihalomethanes) **No MRDL MRDL (high site average) (range of individual sites) **TTHM (ppb) (Stage 2) (total trihalomethanes) **No MRDL (high site average) (range of individual sites) **THM (ppb) (Stage 2) (total trihalomethanes) **No MRDL (high site average) (range of individual sites) **THM (ppb) (Stage 2) (total trihalomethanes) **No MRDL (high site average) (range of individual sites) **THM (ppb) (Stage 2) (total trihalomethanes) **No MRDL (high site average) (range of individual sites) **THM (ppb) (Stage 2) (total trihalomethanes) **No MRDL (high site average) (range of individual sites) **THM (ppb) (Stage 2) (total trihalomethanes) **No MRDL (high site average) (range of individual sites) **TOTAL (ppm) (Disinfection Byproduct	Precurso	r						-
reported as a ratio) *Monthly ratio is the % TOC removal achieved to the % TOC removal required. Annual average must be 1.00 or greater for compliance. *Monthly ratio is the % TOC removal achieved to the % TOC removal required. Annual average must be 1.00 or greater for compliance. *Monthly TI *Representative samples *Turbidity (NTU) TT *Representative samples *Turbidity is a measure of the clarity of the water and not a contaminant. *No more than 1 NTU* *Less than 0.3 NTU in 25% of monthly samples **Regulated Contaminant Test Results **Regulated Contaminant Test Results **Regulated Contaminant Test Results **CENTERTOWN WATER SYSTEM (KY092007/Contaminant) **Contaminant (Ky092007/Contaminant) **Regulated Contaminant Test Results **CENTERTOWN WATER SYSTEM (KY092007/Contaminant) **Likely Source of Turbidity **Likely Source of T	Total Organic Carbon (ppm)			1.97					
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*Representative samples		Allowable		Highest Single		Lowest			
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Regulated Contaminant Test Results Contaminant MCL MCLG Report Level MRDLG		No more th	an 1 NTU*						
Regulated Contaminant Test Results Contaminant Contaminant Report Range Date of Sample Violation Contamination	clarity of the water and not a			0.08		100	No	Soil runoff	
Contaminant Test Results	contaminant.								
Contaminant [code] (units) MCL MCLG Report Level of Detection Disinfectants/Disinfection Byproducts Chlorine (ppm)	Regulated Contaminant T		• •	•		CE	NTERTOV	VN WATI	ER SYSTEM (KY0920070
Contamination Disinfectants/Disinfection Byproducts	_			Report Ray					
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(ppm) = 4 = 4 (highest average)		_ `^		1.52					
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systems			0		0 to	6	Jul-21	No	1
	0			percentile)					systems

Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly (for example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail.