

# Frenchburg Water and Sewer Water Quality Report 2022

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First Thursday each month at 6:30pm

This report is designed to inform the public about the quality of water and services provided on a daily basis. Our commitment is to provide our customers with a safe, clean, and reliable supply of drinking water. We want to assure that we will continue to monitor, improve, and protect the water system and deliver a high quality product. Water is the most indispensable product in every home and we ask everyone to be conservative and help us in our efforts to protect the water sources and the water system.

Frenchburg Water purchases water from three surface water sources. Our primary water source is from Cave Run Regional Water Commission, whose raw surface water source is the Licking River. We also purchase from Bath County Water District who purchases from Morehead Utility Board, whose source is also the Licking River. This source is used only when we are unable to buy enough water from our primary source, Cave Run, due to an emergency. We also purchase water from Morgan County Water District, who purchases water from Cave Run and West Liberty Water, both using the Licking River. This source is also usually only used in an emergency. Each of these suppliers has conducted an analysis of susceptibility to contamination and the overall susceptibility is moderate. Areas of high concern include transportation corridors, underground storage tanks, agricultural land use, residential land use, auto repair facilities, and waste generators. More specific and complete listings of potential sources of contamination are available via each systems' Source Water Assessment Plan. These plans are available for review at each of the water plants listed above. Contact information for these suppliers can be obtained by calling our office at 606-768-3457. For information regarding the system served from the different suppliers, please contact our office. We want our valued customers to be informed about their utility!

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects may be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and may pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water include: Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, (sewage plants, septic systems, livestock operations, or wildlife). Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, (naturally occurring or from storm water runoff, wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming). Pesticides and herbicides, (storm water runoff, agriculture or residential uses). Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, (by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, or from gas stations, storm water runoff, or septic systems). Radioactive contaminants, (naturally occurring or from oil and gas production or mining activities). In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water to provide the same protection for public health.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Your local public water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

## Some or all of these definitions may be found in this report:

**Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)** - the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

**Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)** - the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL)** - the highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG)** - the level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

**Below Detection Levels (BDL)** - laboratory analysis indicates that the contaminant is not present.

**Not Applicable (N/A)** - does not apply.

**Parts per million (ppm)** - or milligrams per liter, (mg/l). One part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

**Parts per billion (ppb)** - or micrograms per liter, ( $\mu\text{g/L}$ ). One part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

**Parts per trillion (ppt)** - one part per trillion corresponds to one minute in 2,000,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000,000.

**Parts per quadrillion (ppq)** - one part per quadrillion corresponds to one minute in 2,000,000,000 years or one penny in \$10,000,000,000,000.

**Picocuries per liter (pCi/L)** - a measure of the radioactivity in water.

**Millirems per year (mrem/yr)** - measure of radiation absorbed by the body.

**Million Fibers per Liter (MFL)** - a measure of the presence of asbestos fibers that are longer than 10 micrometers.

**Nephelometric Turbidity Unit (NTU)** - a measure of the clarity of water. Turbidity has no health effects. However, turbidity can provide a medium for microbial growth. Turbidity is monitored because it is a good indicator of the effectiveness of the filtration system.

**Variations & Exemptions (V&E)** - State or EPA permission not to meet an MCL or a treatment technique under certain conditions.

**Action Level (AL)** - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system shall follow.

**Treatment Technique (TT)** - a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

The data presented in this report are from the most recent testing done in accordance with administrative regulations in 401 KAR Chapter 8. As authorized and approved by EPA, the State has reduced monitoring requirements for certain contaminants to less often than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants are not expected to vary significantly from year to year. Some of the data in this table, though representative, may be more than one year old.

To understand the possible health effects described for many regulated contaminants, a person would have to drink 2 liters of water every day at the MCL level for a lifetime to have a one-in-a-million chance of having the described health effect.

### Regulated Contaminant Testing Results for Cave Run Regional Water Commission

Regulated Contaminant Test Results								Cave Run Regional Water Commission	
Contaminant [code] (units)	MCL	MCLG	Report Level	Range of Detection	Date of Sample	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination		
<b>Inorganic Contaminants</b>									
Fluoride [1025] (ppm)	4	4	0.92	0.92 to 0.92	May-22	No	Water additive which promotes strong teeth		
Nitrate [1040] (ppm)	10	10	0.09	0.09 to 0.09	Sep-22	No	Fertilizer runoff; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits		
<b>Disinfectants/Disinfection Byproducts and Precursors</b>									
Total Organic Carbon (ppm) (measured as ppm, but reported as a ratio)	TT*	N/A	1.15 (lowest average)	1.00 to 1.46 (monthly ratios)	2022	No	Naturally present in environment.		
*Monthly ratio is the % TOC removal achieved to the % TOC removal required. Annual average must be 1.00 or greater for compliance.									
<b>Other Constituents</b>									
Turbidity (NTU) TT * Representative samples	Allowable Levels		Highest Single Measurement	Lowest Monthly %	Violation	Likely Source of Turbidity			
Turbidity is a measure of the clarity of the water and not a contaminant.	No more than 1 NTU* Less than 0.3 NTU in 95% of monthly samples		0.07	100	No	Soil runoff			

### Regulated Contaminant Testing Results for West Liberty Water Works

Regulated Contaminant Test Results								West Liberty Water Works	
Contaminant [code] (units)	MCL	MCLG	Report Level	Range of Detection	Date of Sample	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination		
<b>Inorganic Contaminants</b>									
Barium [1010] (ppm)	2	2	0.021	0.021 to 0.021	Apr-22	No	Drilling wastes; metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits		
Fluoride [1025] (ppm)	4	4	0.70	0.7 to 0.7	Apr-22	No	Water additive which promotes strong teeth		
<b>Disinfectants/Disinfection Byproducts and Precursors</b>									
Total Organic Carbon (ppm) (measured as ppm, but reported as a ratio)	TT*	N/A	1.33 (lowest average)	1.00 to 2.03 (monthly ratios)	2022	No	Naturally present in environment.		
*Monthly ratio is the % TOC removal achieved to the % TOC removal required. Annual average must be 1.00 or greater for compliance.									
<b>Other Constituents</b>									
Turbidity (NTU) TT * Representative samples	Allowable Levels		Highest Single Measurement	Lowest Monthly %	Violation	Likely Source of Turbidity			
Turbidity is a measure of the clarity of the water and not a contaminant.	No more than 1 NTU* Less than 0.3 NTU in 95% of monthly samples		0.14	100	No	Soil runoff			

**Regulated Contaminant Testing Results for Morehead Utility Plant Board**

Regulated Contaminant Test Results								Morehead Utility Plant Board	
Contaminant [code] (units)	MCL	MCLG	Report Level	Range of Detection	Date of Sample	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination		
<b>Radioactive Contaminants</b>									
Combined radium (pCi/L)	5	0	1.02	1.02 to 1.02	May-20	No	Erosion of natural deposits		
<b>Inorganic Contaminants</b>									
Barium [1010] (ppm)	2	2	0.017	0.017 to 0.017	Mar-22	No	Drilling wastes; metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits		
Fluoride [1025] (ppm)	4	4	0.78	0.78 to 0.78	Mar-22	No	Water additive which promotes strong teeth		
Nitrate [1040] (ppm)	10	10	0.215	0 to 0.215	May-22	No	Fertilizer runoff; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits		
<b>Disinfectants/Disinfection Byproducts and Precursors</b>									
Total Organic Carbon (ppm) (measured as ppm, but reported as a ratio)	TT*	N/A	1.15 (lowest average)	1.00 to 1.65 (monthly ratios)	2022	No	Naturally present in environment.		
*Monthly ratio is the % TOC removal achieved to the % TOC removal required. Annual average must be 1.00 or greater for compliance.									
<b>Other Constituents</b>									
Turbidity (NTU) TT * Representative samples	<b>Allowable Levels</b>		<b>Highest Single Measurement</b>	<b>Lowest Monthly %</b>	<b>Violation</b>	<b>Likely Source of Turbidity</b>			
Turbidity is a measure of the clarity of the water and not a contaminant.	No more than 1 NTU* Less than 0.3 NTU in 95% of monthly samples		0.221	100	No	Soil runoff			

**Regulated Contaminant Testing Results for Frenchburg Water and Sewer**

Regulated Contaminant Test Results								Frenchburg Water and Sewer	
Contaminant [code] (units)	MCL	MCLG	Report Level	Range of Detection	Date of Sample	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination		
<b>Disinfectants/Disinfection Byproducts and Precursors</b>									
Chlorine (ppm)	MRDL = 4	MRDLG = 4	1.38 (highest average)	1 to 1.9	2022	No	Water additive used to control microbes.		
HAA (ppb) (Stage 2) [Haloacetic acids]	60	N/A	40 (high site average)	23 to 68 (range of individual sites)	2022	No	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection		
TTHM (ppb) (Stage 2) [total trihalomethanes]	80	N/A	65 (high site average)	28.2 to 79.3 (range of individual sites)	2022	No	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection.		
<b>Household Plumbing Contaminants</b>									
Copper [1022] (ppm) Round 1 sites exceeding action level 0	AL = 1.3	1.3	0.055 (90 <sup>th</sup> percentile)	0.002 to 0.116	Aug-20	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems		
Lead [1030] (ppb) Round 1 sites exceeding action level 0	AL = 15	0	1 (90 <sup>th</sup> percentile)	0 to 1	Aug-20	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems		

Spanish (Español) Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre la calidad de su agua beber. Tradúzcalo o hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

**This report will not be mailed unless requested. Contact our office if you would like a copy mailed to you.**